

**●General Description**

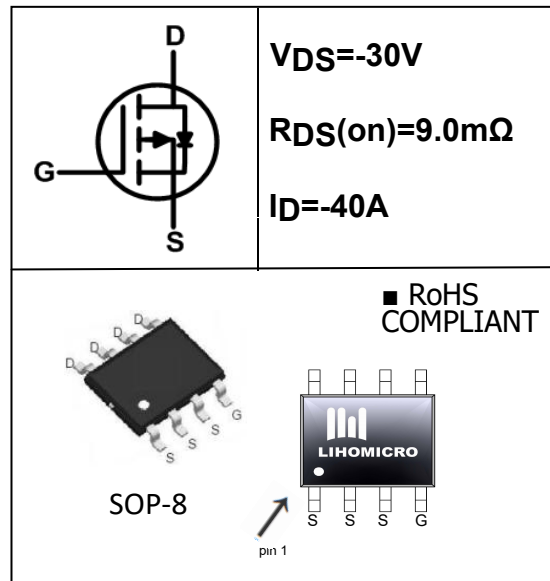
The LH40P03 uses trench technology and design to provide excellent  $R_{DS(on)}$  with low gate charge. This device is suitable for high current load applications.

**●Features**

- Advance high cell density trench technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$  to minimize conductive loss
- Low Gate Charge for fast switching

**●Application**

- Lighting
- Power Supplies


**●Ordering Information:**

Part Number	LH40P03
Package	SOP-8
Basic Ordering Unit (pcs)	4000
Normal Package Material Ordering Code	LH40P03S-SOP8-TAP
Halogen Free Ordering Code	LH40P03S-SOP8-TAP-HF

**●Absolute Maximum Ratings (TC =25°C)**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	Value	UNIT
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DSS}$	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	±20	V
Continuous Drain Current , $T_C = 25^\circ C$	$I_D$	-40	A
Pulsed drain current ( $T_C = 25^\circ C$ , tp limited by $T_{jmax}$ ) <sup>1</sup>	$I_{DM}$	-80	A
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>2</sup>	$E_{AS}$	96	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>3</sup>	$P_D(T_A=25^\circ C)$	3	W
	$P_D(T_A=70^\circ C)$	2	
Operating Temperature	$T_J$	-55~+150	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$	-55~+150	°C

**•Electronic Characteristics**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DSS}$	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$	-30	--	--	V
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(TH)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$	-1.0	-1.5	-3.0	V
Drain-source On Resistance <sup>1</sup>	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$V_{GS} = -10V, I_D = -20A$	7.0	8.0	9.0	mΩ
		$V_{GS} = -4.5V, I_D = -15A$	--	10	13	
Drain-Source Leakage Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -30V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 25^\circ C$	--	--	-1	μA
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = \pm 20, V_{DS} = 0V$	--	--	±100	nA
Forward Transconductance	$G_{FS}$	$V_{DS} = -5V, I_D = -20A$	--	5	--	S
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS} = 0V,$ $V_{DS} = -15V,$ $f = 1.0MHz$	--	2379	--	pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$		--	409	--	
Reverse transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$		--	388	--	
Turn-On Delay Time	$T_{d(on)}$	$V_{DS} = -15V,$ $V_{GS} = -10V,$ $R_G = 1\Omega,$ $I_D = -15A$	--	26	--	nS
Turn-Off Delay Time	$T_{d(off)}$		--	136.5	--	
Turn-On Rise Time	$T_r$		--	65.7	--	
Turn-Off Fall Time	$T_f$		--	86.2	--	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	$I_D = -20A,$ $V_{DS} = -15V,$ $V_{GS} = -4.5V$	--	31	---	nC
Gate-to-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$		--	10.1	--	
Gate-to-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$		--	17.4	---	
Continuous Diode Forward Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_S$	$V_{GS} = V_{DS} = 0V,$ Force Current	--	--	-40	A
Pulsed Diode Forward Current	$I_{SM}$	--	--	--	-80	A
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	$T_J = 25^\circ C, I_S = -20A,$ $V_{GS} = 0V$	--	--	-1.0	V

**•Thermal Characteristics**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MAX	UNIT
Thermal Resistance Junction-case	$R_{thJC}$	2.1	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient <sup>4</sup> ( $t \leq 1s$ )	$R_{thJA}$	50	°C/W

Notes:

- 1.Pulse Test : Pulse width  $\leq 300 \mu s$ , Duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$  ;
- 2.The EAS data shows Max. rating.The Test condition is  $L=0.5mH, I_D=16A, V_{DD}=-15V$ ;
- 3.The Power Dissipation is limited by  $150^\circ C$  junction temperature;
- 4.Device mounted on FR-4 substrate PC board, 2oz copper, with thermal bias to bottom layer 1inch square copper plate.

• Typical Characteristics

Fig.1 Power Dissipation Derating Curve

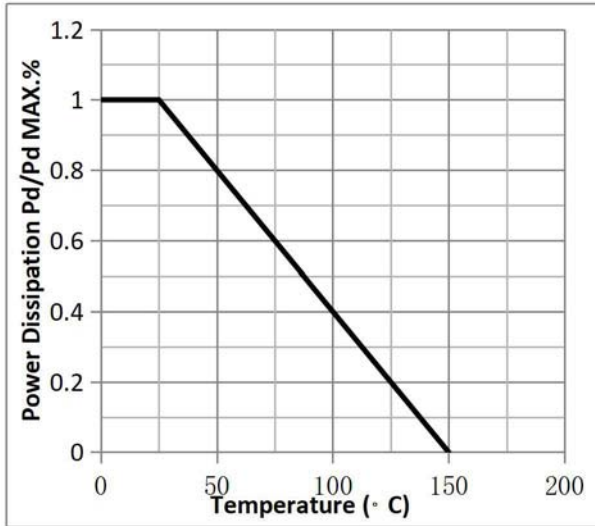


Fig.2 Typical output Characteristics

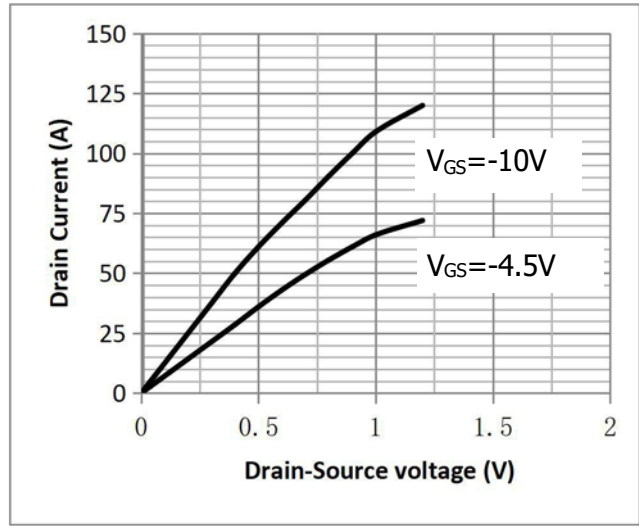


Fig.3 Threshold Voltage V.S Junction Temperature

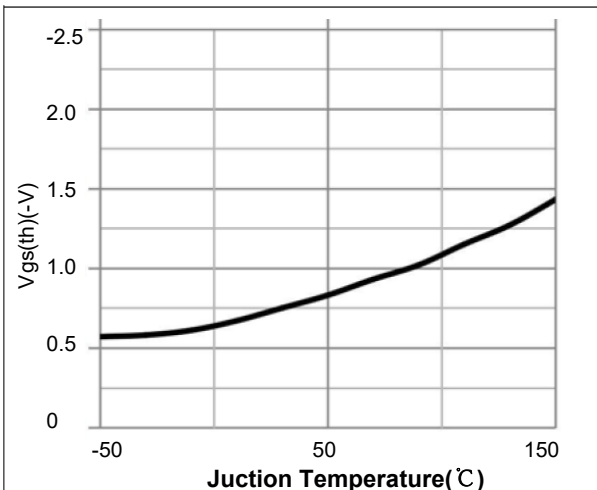


Fig.4 Resistance V.S Drain Current

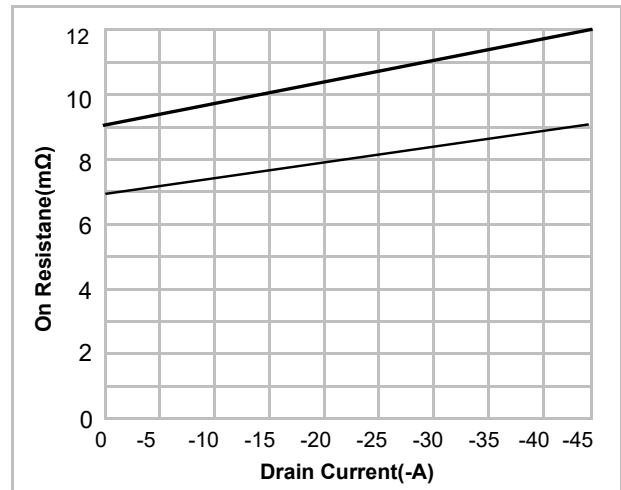


Fig.5 On-Resistance VS Gate Source Voltage

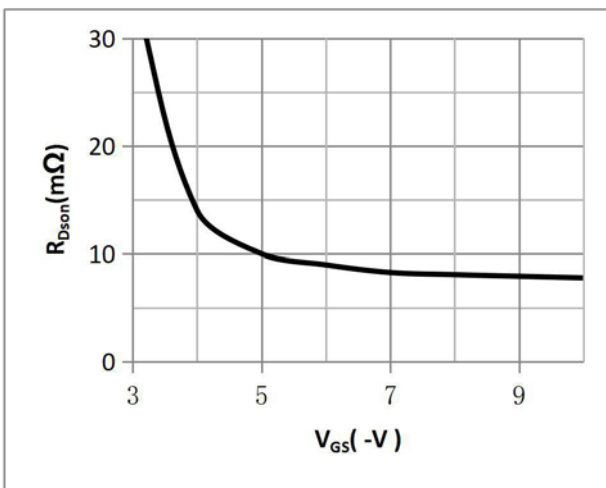
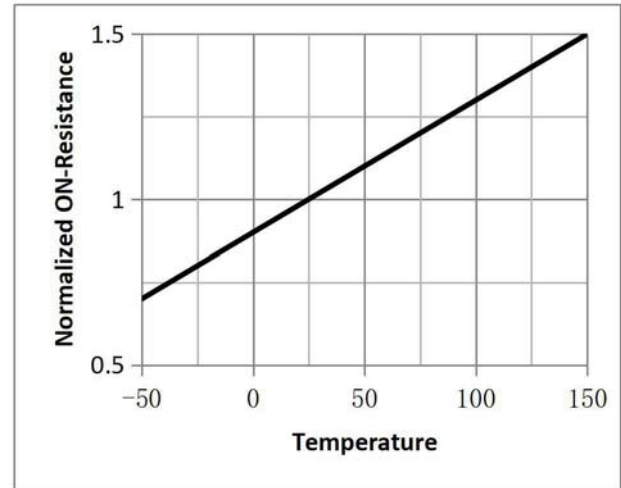


Fig.6 On-Resistance V.S Junction Temperature



•Test Circuits & Waveforms

Fig.7 Switching Time Measurement Circuit

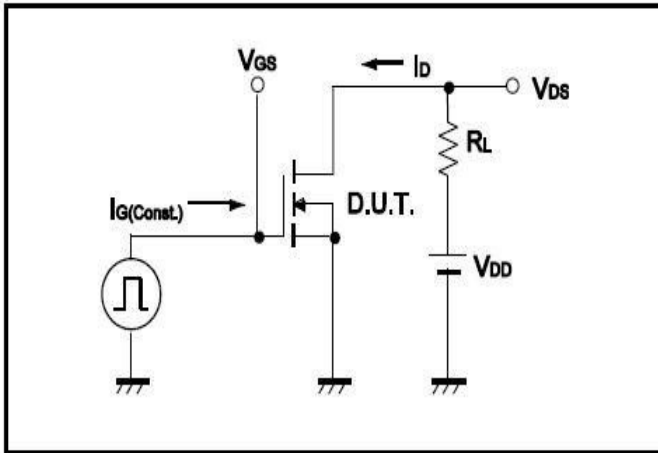


Fig.8 Gate Charge Waveform

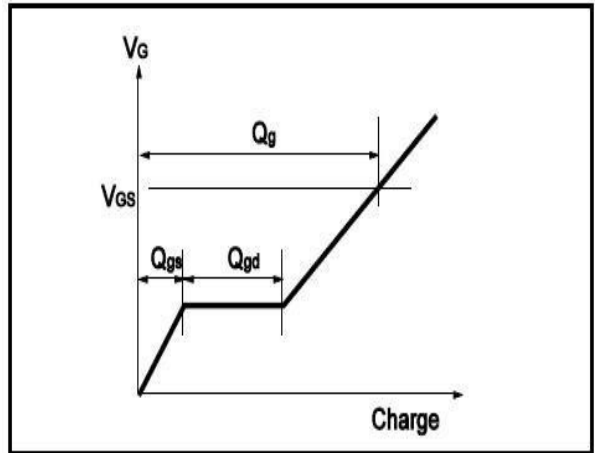


Fig.9 Switching Time Measurement Circuit

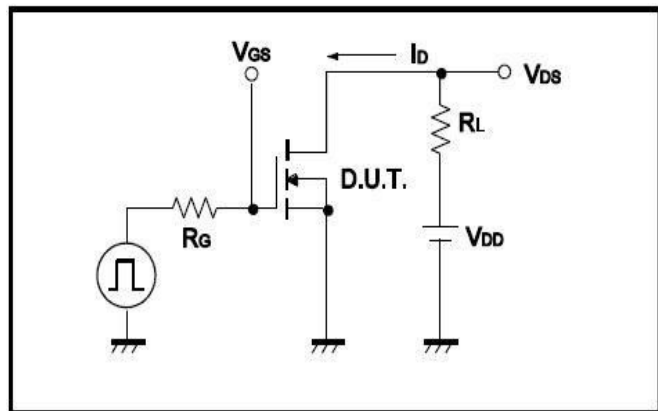


Fig.10 Gate Charge Waveform

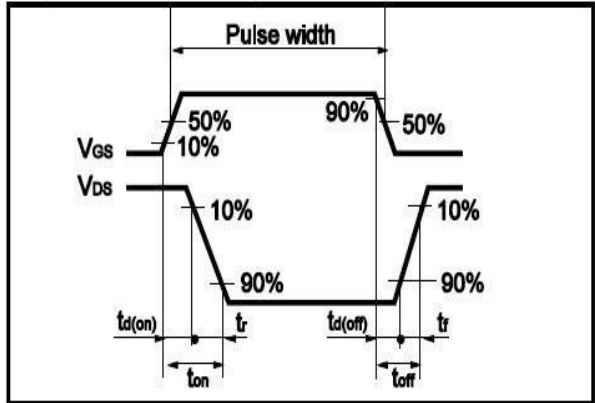


Fig.11 Avalanche Measurement Circuit

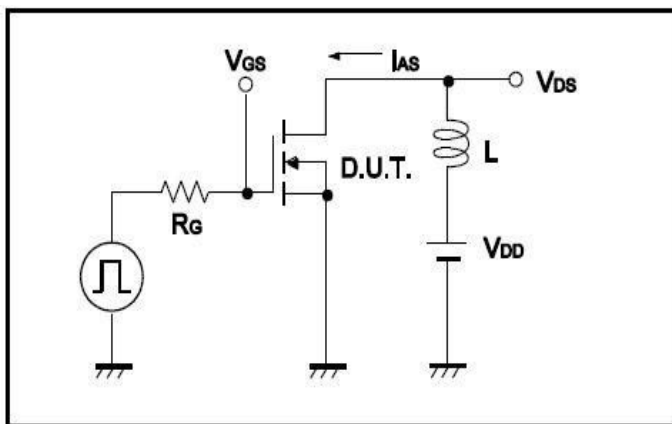
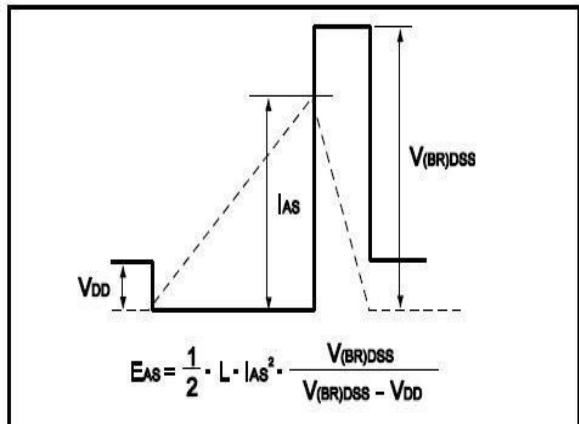


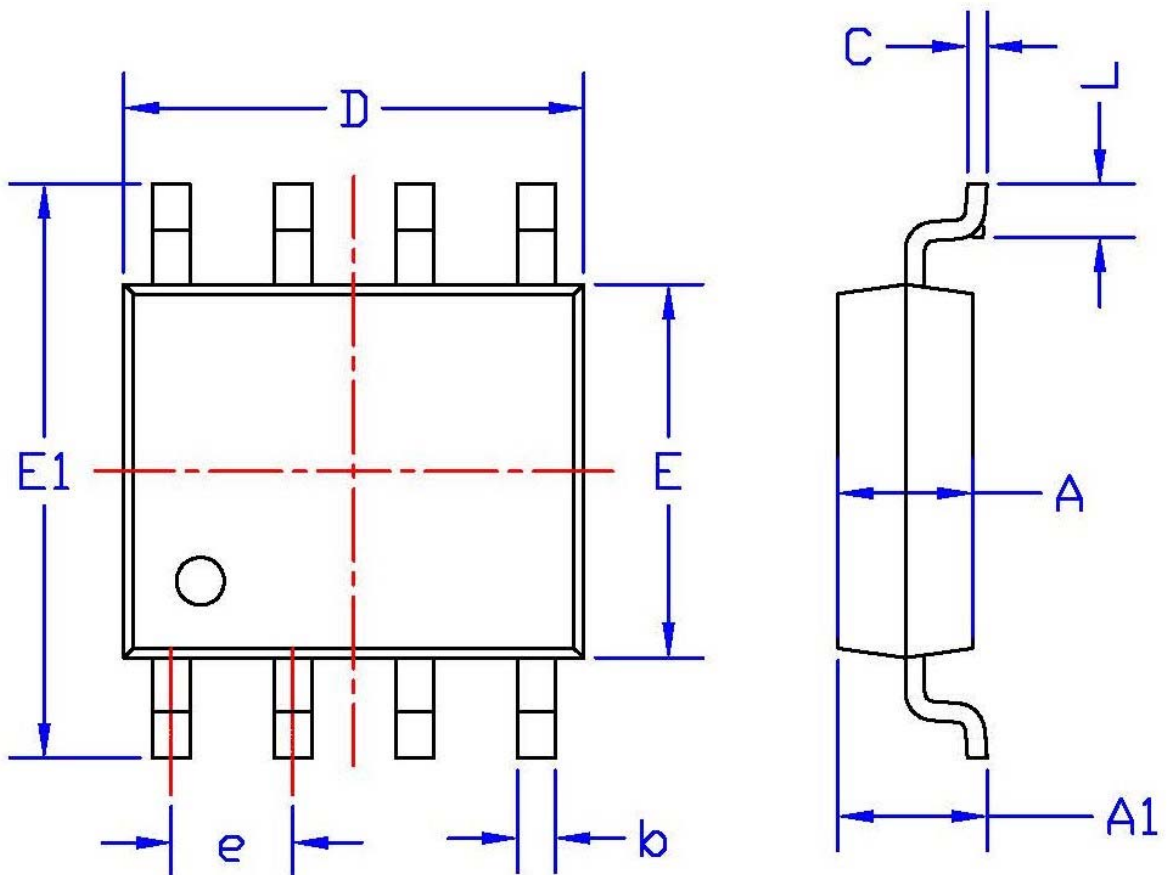
Fig.12 Avalanche Waveform



●Dimensions (SOP-8)

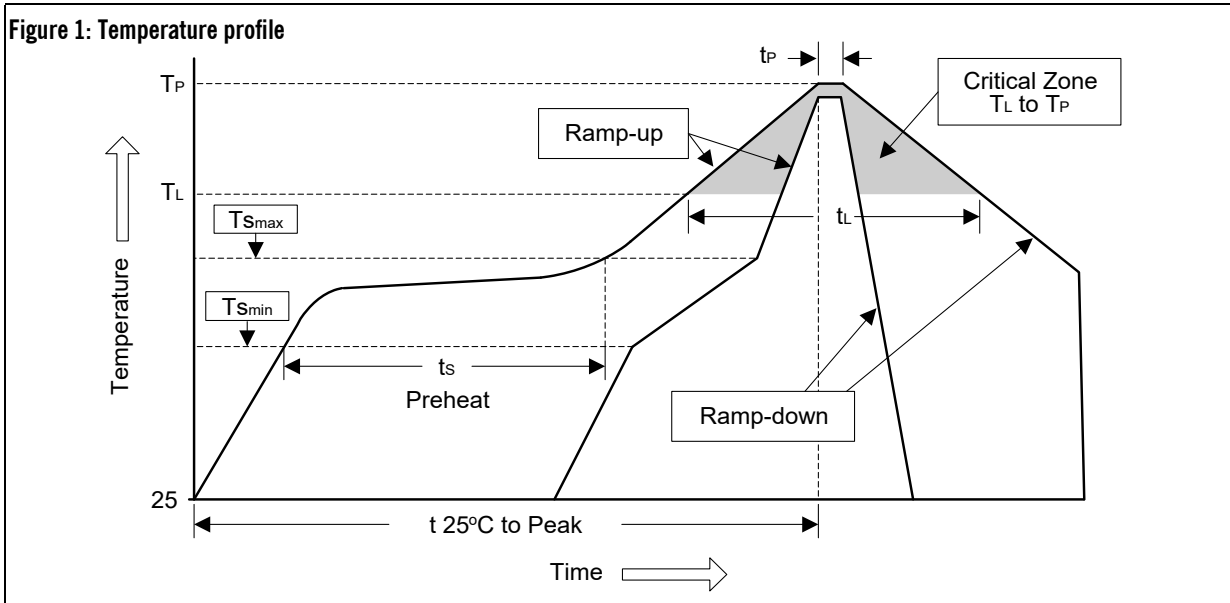
UNIT:mm

SYMBOL	min	max	SYMBOL	min	max
A	1.30	1.60	e	1.27BSC	
A1	1.35	1.85	L	0.40	1.30
b	0.30	0.60			
C	0.15	0.35			
D	4.60	5.20			
E	3.70	4.10			
E1	5.70	6.30			



**• Soldering Methods for Silicongear's Products**

1. Storage environment: Temperature=10°C to 35°C Humidity=65%±15%
2. Reflow soldering of surface-mount devices



Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly	Pb-Free Assembly
Average ramp-up rate ( $T_L$ to $T_P$ )	<3°C/sec	<3°C/sec
Preheat		
- Temperature Min ( $T_{Smin}$ )	100°C	150°C
- Temperature Max ( $T_{Smax}$ )	150°C	200°C
- Time (min to max) ( $t_s$ )	60 to 120 sec	60 to 180 sec
$T_{Smax}$ to $T_L$		
- Ramp-up Rate	<3°C/sec	<3°C/sec
Time maintained above:		
- Temperature ( $T_L$ )	183°C	217°C
- Time ( $t_L$ )	60 to 150 sec	60 to 150 sec
Peak Temperature ( $T_P$ )	240°C +0/-5°C	260°C +0/-5°C
Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature ( $t_p$ )	10 to 30 sec	20 to 40 sec
Ramp-down Rate	<6°C/sec	<6°C/sec
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	<6 minutes	<8 minutes

**3. Flow (wave) soldering (solder dipping)**

Products	Peak Temperature	Dipping Time
Pb devices.	245°C ±5°C	5sec ±1sec
Pb-Free devices.	260°C +0/-5°C	5sec ±1sec